## Medicaid Divestment



## Medicaid Divestment

- Medicaid divestment is the transfer of income, nonexempt assets (i.e., assets that are counted when determining Medicaid eligibility) and homestead property for less than fair market value in anticipation of applying for Medicaid coverage.
- Medicaid divestment rules apply to:
  - Persons in long-term care medical institutions, such as nursing homes, and
  - Persons applying for or participating in Medicaid community-based LTC waiver programs.

Division of Health Care Financing Committee-Identified Issues – May 4, 2005

## Divestment Background

- The current federal divestment laws were created as part of the Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act of 1988 and were last changed in the Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1993.
- State statutes on divestment were created in 1989 and have been revised twice since then.
- Wisconsin's current divestment laws and policies are as stringent as allowed under current federal law.
- Unlike other federal Medicaid law provisions, federal divestment law does not allow any flexibility for states.

## Medicaid Divestment

- Three states have requested waivers of the federal Medicaid divestment laws to demonstrate the effectiveness of different approaches to preventing asset sheltering and other divestment.
- None have been approved.
- The Governor is opposed to any efforts to prohibit future restrictions on otherwise legal asset transfers.

